

WEATHER.

Snow late tonight or Sunday; slightly warmer tonight and decidedly colder Sunday.

No. 18,756.

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1912—EIGHTEEN PAGES.

ONE CENT.

TAFT TAKES STEPS TO SHIELD BORDER

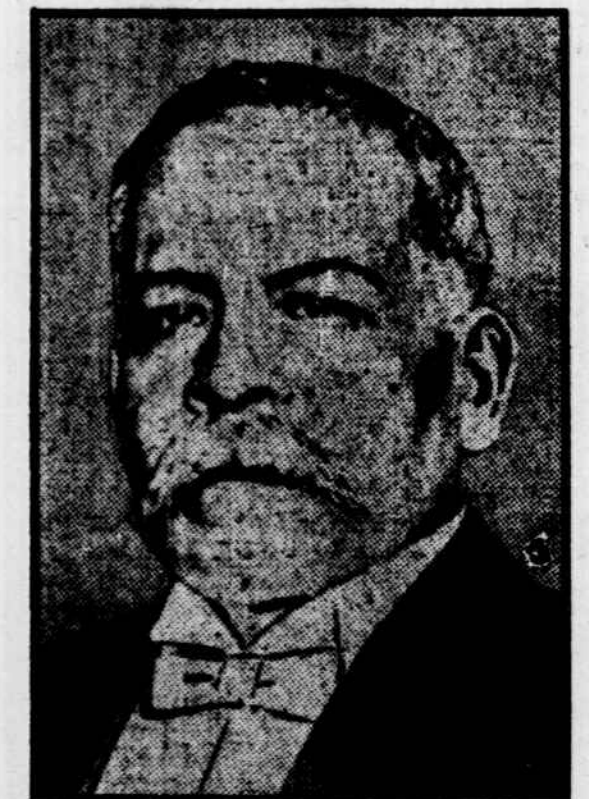
Army Commander Ordered to Prevent Firing Across the International Line.

MEXICAN BANDITS HOLD AMERICAN AS A PRISONER

Washington Doubts Madero's Power to Afford Protection.

GOMEZ IN A BARKIS ROLE

Ready to Accept Presidency, But Not Willing to Fight for It. Says He Is a Man of Ideals, Not of Arms.



EMILIO VASQUEZ GOMEZ. Who is willing to accept the Mexican presidency.

Col. Edgar S. Steever, commanding the 4th U. S. Cavalry at El Paso, has been instructed to prevent firing into American territory, and the Mexican authorities have received a warning from the American government not to permit shooting across the border line.

These orders have been issued as a result of the exchange of telegrams between President Taft and Gov. Colquitt of Texas. Col. Steever has replied to the department that there has as yet been no firing into American territory.

Mexico's Power Doubtful.

Although representations have been made to the Mexican government by Ambassador Wilson for the protection of the family of G. P. Robinson, manager of a mining company, who was captured by the rebels, advice to the State Department express doubt as to the ability of the Mexican government to give this protection.

Casas Grandes is reported to have gone over to the insurgents without a shot being fired.

Gov. Colquitt sent a reply to President Taft thanking him for his action and asking that he be advised as to what steps will be taken to protect the citizens of Juarez.

Troops in the Department of Texas will be moved at the discretion of Brig. Gen. Joseph W. Duncan, commanding the department, for the protection of American life and property along the Mexican border line.

Further Fighting Feared.

News comes from Juarez that the city has been quiet, but that further fighting is not unexpected in the near future, the arrival of the federal troops being expected hourly. They will presumably make an attempt to retake the city, which is now governed by combative forces hostile to Madero. Nearly all the Americans in Juarez have crossed into United States territory. From Chihuahua, news comes that the disaffected districts of the government is surprisingly extensive.

The prison was attacked yesterday by mutinous soldiers. The situation appears very serious, as the federal troops there are reported not to exceed 300, whereas it is expected that a force of 3000 rebels will be sent to take the city.



GOV. COLQUITT OF TEXAS. Who wants quiet restored along the border of his state.

Will attack the town, and there is some question as to the loyalty of the federal troops. From the disaffected districts south of Mexico City it is reported that the government does not seem to have sufficient strength to do more than hold the larger towns. Communication between the capital and Cuernavaca has been interrupted.

Troop Trains Fired Upon.

Troop trains from there were fired upon February 1, and traffic has been suspended. There are some Americans there, but the federal garrison is fortunately large. The bandits who carried off the American, G. P. Robinson, manager of the Suriana Mining Company, avow the intention of killing him and his wife and children are left at the mercy of the bandits.

The American embassy has urged the Mexican government to protect these people.

(Continued on Second Page.)

BLIZZARD THIS WAY

It's Coming Full Tilt From the Northwest.

DUE TOMORROW MORNING

Snow and a Big Drop in Temperature Is Chilly Prospect.

BITTER COLD IN THE WEST

Twenty-Nine Below at La Crosse, Wis.—Heavy Snow in Iowa.

With a blizzard blocking railroad traffic northwest across the Mississippi valley and temperature down to 20 below zero in some places, a middle states snowstorm is headed toward Washington and will probably make its appearance before sunrise tomorrow morning. Heavy northwest gales are expected to sweep over this city tomorrow, bringing a taste of the western snowstorm, and bitterly cold weather may be expected. Although the snow may not be so serious a hindrance to traffic in the east as it is in some western cities, Washington is in for another cold wave of no mean proportions.

This is a complete vindication of the ground hog and shadow theory. Despite the scientists, the ground hog saw his shadow yesterday and today zero weather extends from the great lakes to the Rockies, and frosts have been reported from New Orleans and Jacksonville, Fla. The storm, which is today centered over Missouri, will move directly eastward, and cold winds and suffering are in its wake.

Slightly Warmer Tonight.

The weather bureau predicts a slight moderation in Washington's temperature this afternoon and tonight, but confidently expects that snow will begin falling before dawn tomorrow.

It is not expected that the snow will be remarkable for depth, but the accompanying winds will be bitter gales from the northwest and the mercury will fall rapidly.

The base ball game to be played on ice on the tidal basin will be called at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Jerome Connors, pitcher, will head one team and do the pitching, while Dr. E. C. Myers will occupy the same offices for the opposing team.

Slippery pavements and streets are responsible for several accidents every day. Policeman O. E. Colchman of the ninth precinct slipped on the ice near 10th and G streets northeast early this morning and was rendered unconscious from the fall. He lay on his nose, but was not found to be seriously hurt. Thomas Wayne, colored, slipped on the ice at Dumbarton and 27th street and was so badly shaken up he had to go to Georgetown University Hospital. William Hutchinson, 1728 6th street northwest, slipped on an icy car step at 7th and Q streets northeast last night and cut his chin. Has not been broken up since the freeze began the night of January 2. It is from eight to twelve inches thick. The tug is crippled by not having a good wheel, but has been doing good work in spite of this handicap.

Tugs Breaking a Channel.

The tug Firelighter was employed yesterday and today in breaking a channel through the ice from the junction of the Washington and Georgetown channels to Georgetown. The tug broke up ice and may have an opportunity to float off with the tide and wind, if another freeze does not harden it again. The ice has been lying undisturbed in the channel for over two weeks, and on each side of the channel a line of ice has been built up. The tug is crippled by not having a good wheel, but has been doing good work in spite of this handicap.

SEVERE IN THE WEST.

Dozen States in the Grasp of Sudden Cold Wave.

CHICAGO, February 3.—The first vindication of the ground hog's action in retreating to his hole yesterday came today, when a cold wave swept down from the Canadian northwest. Thus far it covers the Dakotas, Minnesota, western Wisconsin and parts of Nebraska, Illinois, Iowa and Missouri. By tomorrow, it is predicted by the local weather forecaster, all sections of the states will be in the grasp of the cold wave.

Although few records were broken, the below zero temperatures of 20 at Winona, Minn., and 22 at Duluth seemed unusually severe, owing to the suddenness with which they came.

Chicago may experience 12 degrees below zero weather by tomorrow, it is predicted. Last night the mercury here dropped to zero, and at 9 o'clock this morning it was 4 degrees above.

Twenty-Nine Below Zero.

LA CROSSE, Wis., February 3.—With a temperature of 29 degrees below zero this was the coldest February day in thirty years. Outdoor work is suspended and trains are running hours behind schedule.

DES MOINES, Iowa, February 3.—Heavy snow, assuming almost the proportions of a blizzard, and 5 degrees below zero weather by tomorrow, it is predicted. Last night the mercury here dropped to zero, and at 9 o'clock this morning it was 4 degrees above.

OMAHA, Neb., February 3.—Temperature four degrees below zero, a six inch snowfall and a two-foot blizzard north wind were the features of this section early today. Reports from various portions of the state show the storm is general throughout Nebraska.

Street Traffic Paralyzed.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., February 3.—Railway and street car traffic was paralyzed by a drifting snow today. The storm was general throughout northwest Missouri, and live stock suffered greatly.

GALLIPOLIS, Ohio, February 3.—For the second time this winter blizzard on the Ohio river between this city and Pittsburgh is suspended because of heavy snow. It is expected that much damage will be wrought through the formation of gorges.

Record of His Own Voice at Funeral.

JACKSON, Mich., February 3.—The only music rendered at the funeral yesterday of Prof. W. M. Skinner, a vocalist, was a phonographic record of his own voice. Some time before his death he sang a musical arrangement of Tennyson's poem, "Crossing the Bar," and he requested the same selection at his funeral.

GREENS HIS SCOUTS

Gen. Baden-Powell Guest of Seven Hundred Boys.

FOUNDER OF ORGANIZATION

Formal Welcome by A. C. Moses and Commissioner Rudolph.

MAKES CALL AT WHITE HOUSE

In Company With President Taft and Ambassador Bryce, Reviews District Boys.

Lieut. Gen. Sir Robert S. S. Baden-Powell, C. B., K. C., V. O., hero of the Boer war, and founder of the British Boy Scouts, the guest here today of more than 700 boy scouts of the District, Maryland and Virginia. He arrived at the Union station from New England at 7:12 o'clock. He was accompanied by James E. West, national scout executive of the Boy Scouts of America, as was expected. A report that Mr. West did not accompany Gen. Baden-Powell because of differences that had arisen between them over the program made for the leader, was denied at the local office of the organization today. It was said Mr. West had been detained in New York because of press of work in arranging for a demonstration there. The report had it that Gen. Baden-Powell had been tired out with being hustled from interviews to banquets, and from banquets to speech-making, and that he had objected to the program as arranged by Mr. West.

Until a late hour tonight his time will be fully occupied with a variety of functions, including a luncheon, dinner, review and demonstration, lecture and reception.

Greetings Extended.

On his arrival this morning the general was met at the station by Colin H. Livingston, vice president of the District Council of the scouts, and J. Howard Fellows, the fifteen-year-old scout selected to act as his guide while he is in the National Capital. The young guide greeted the founder of the international organization with letters of welcome from Arthur C. Moses, president of the District Council, and District Commissioner Cuno H. Rudolph, vice president of the local council.

In his greeting Mr. Moses said: "A hearty greeting to the international chief scout from the local council of the Boy Scouts of America. It is my special pleasure to extend this scout message to you on behalf of the Boy Scouts of the District of Columbia."

"We are particularly happy in having your co-operation because we believe that this will hasten the development of the ideal citizen in the next generation for every country in the world partaking in the Boy Scout movement."

Speaks for District Government.

Commissioner Rudolph's letter of welcome read: "On behalf of the board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia, who are the executives of the government of the National Capital, and the people, its citizens, I have the honor to extend to you a hearty welcome."

"I wish to express to you our interest in your visit to the cause you represent. I am sure you are already in good hands, but hope that you will feel free to share upon whatever may contribute to your satisfaction and enjoyment during your stay."

"On the day of the breakfast, later receiving the newspaper men, the general was greeted by Mrs. H. and by Mrs. Philip Moore of the National Federation of Women's Clubs, who, on behalf of the women of the district, they represented, extended him a cordial welcome to the United States."

The leader of the Boy Scout movement was exceedingly affable and discussed the aims and purposes of the organization. He was followed by a general review of the day, and the general, he replied, tersely, "to make good citizens."

Refers to Misapprehension.

The general said there seemed to be considerable misapprehension in America as to the purpose of the organization. "The general idea here," he said, "seems to be that we are training the boys to be soldiers. That is not true. I object to the soldier idea as being wrong. I want to make his members a part of a machine and does not develop individuality. I want to develop individual character, to make the boy a hand craftsman and to instill into him the duty of performing public service."

"The movement in England," he said, "was progressing rapidly. Almost too much so for the best interests of the order, as all details of organization have not been perfected. The aim was to get the older boys and the right kind of men interested. He said he used to train boys along the same method, that of giving them object lessons, then letting them work out the details for themselves."

Asked where the idea for the British organization originated, he replied: "With the Knights of the Red Branch, a boys' order in Ireland, about 1,000 years ago. In the order the boys did everything that knights did, except to engage in battle. They carried a sword, a shield and a lance, and they were the place of these each boy carried a sword."

The scouts have 400,000 members in the United States, 200,000 in England and thousands in other countries, including Germany, France, Holland, Denmark, Norway, Sweden and Russia.

Motives Misunderstood.

The opposition to the movement in this country by union labor, he said, is based entirely upon a misunderstanding of its motives, the impression prevailing that the boys were to be future strikebreakers was being trained.

"There was much the same opposition in England at one time," he said, "but once the true object of the organization has been explained, the opposition has been in the forefront among our supporters."

The general said material for his book setting forth the tenets of the organization had been gleaned from a study of the training of youth he had found in operation in various countries and that in developing manliness and encouraging initiative the boy scout idea had been eminently successful. In reply to a query he said he believed the movement would go a long way toward solving the problem of the unemployed in England and other countries, for, as he put it, "it is hard to conceive a boy scout growing up to be a shiftless man."

Shortly before noon the general was received at the British embassy by Ambassador Bryce, and at 1 o'clock he attended a luncheon given in his honor by Mrs. John Hays Hammond, at which there were about 100 guests.

At 2:45 Gen. Baden-Powell was presented to President Taft at the White House and shortly after 3 o'clock, with the President and Ambassador Bryce, he reviewed the district boys.

(Continued on Second Page.)



THE NEW TREASURE.

STEEL BILL HEARINGS UNDER STRICT RULES

Persons Who Oppose Reductions Must Appear in Person Before Committee.

Manufacturers who expected merely to file protests against steel tariff reductions were notified today by the Senate committee on finance that only evidence given in person would be allowed on record. The committee's hearings on the House bill, which begin next Tuesday, probably will occupy the mornings of four or five days a week until disposed of. Applicants for hearings have been asked to appear as early as possible.

Auto Interests Thursday.

Chicago and New York automobile and roller bearing interests will be heard next Thursday. Francis E. Hamilton of New York asked today for their hearing.

Importers of manganese, the higher grades of which come mostly from Russia and Japan, are especially active in protest. The National Alloy Company, Limited, of Philadelphia, protested today against European cheap labor and asked a duty of at least 25 per cent ad valorem on ground manganese, with free raw materials.

Philadelphia manufacturing concern wrote that a reduction of from 50 to 75 per cent on card clothing would close every card clothing establishment in this country.

PICKS UP \$30,000.

Laborer's Find While Clearing Away Equitable Building Ruins.

NEW YORK, February 3.—If "finders were keepers," an Italian laborer employed by the contractors who are clearing away the ruins of the Equitable building, would be taking passage for Italy today. Unfortunately for him, the owners of the building are careful to see that the workmen give up whatever they find there. Steel workers were cutting away the girders which buried one of the vaults when suddenly the laborer saw a roll of bills and surreptitiously he slipped down and grasped the money. He slid out of the crowd of workmen and was purrying off when a detective snatched the roll from his hand. It contained exactly \$30,000.

Medals for College Confederates.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., February 3.—The University of Virginia has issued a call for the names of the cadets who left their classes in the 60s to fight for the Confederacy. The institution intends to award medals of honor to the veterans at the commencement exercises in June.

JOSEPH CLEMENT COLL

one of the greatest of modern illustrators in pen and ink, has made the drawing of his life in honor of the Dickens Centennial.

The drawing will occupy two pages of our Sunday Magazine tomorrow. It shows all the most famous characters of the novelist, from Pickwick to Micawber. No words could half so fully express the spirit of Dickens' work.

A Picture Worth Framing

TOMORROW IN THE Sunday Magazine OF The Sunday Star

SAFE AGAIN IN PORT

Survivors of Allegheny Taken to Newport News.

THEIR BELONGINGS LOST

Steamer Founders Four Hours After Being Run Down by the Pomaron Off Virginia Capes.

NORFOLK, February 3.—The British steamer Pomaron landed at Newport News today with a full cargo of forty-eight men composing the crew of the Hamburg-American liner Allegheny, which went to the bottom of the Atlantic ocean yesterday afternoon following a collision between the Pomaron and the Allegheny about seventy-eight miles off the Virginia capes. The Pomaron reached Newport News at 5 o'clock this morning, after having been conveyed to the Virginia capes by the revenue cutter Onondaga.

Collision in Snowstorm.

The collision between the Pomaron and the Allegheny occurred at 11:15 yesterday morning during a fierce snowstorm. The Pomaron was proceeding from Baltimore with a full cargo of grain, and the Allegheny was proceeding from New York for Jamaica, Port au Prince and Porto Maitia, with over a hundred sacks of mail and a general cargo, all of which went with the ship to the bottom of the sea.

It was first thought that the collision which left an opening in the Allegheny's hold, No. 3, would not result seriously, and that she would probably be able to return to New York for repairs. After an examination, her master, Capt. Neumann, decided that it was best to head at once for shore, with the view to beaching the damaged vessel. The pumps and crew, feeling that the vessel was in immediate danger, sat down to lunch and enjoyed a hearty meal, while the engines of the Allegheny were speeded with the vessel headed for the shoals of Chincoteague, Va. As time went on the Allegheny was found to be sinking rapidly, and it was suddenly found necessary to leave the ship. Boats were lowered from the Pomaron, which was following, and the transfer effected, those from the Allegheny not having time to save anything. The barge went down four hours after she was struck by the Pomaron.

Cutter Onondaga Acts as Convoy.

Wireless announcement of the collision between the Pomaron and the Allegheny was sent out from the latter vessel, but the first reports not indicating a serious condition, vessels that picked up the message relayed the same to land and continued. The revenue cutter Onondaga, which had put to sea yesterday on a regular cruise, reached the scene last evening and proceeded with her for Cape Henry.

The Pomaron has a bent stem and will be docked at Newport News after a survey has been made late today. It is not believed that the vessel is seriously damaged. The Pomaron lay in the stream at Newport News today and no statement was had from her commander. The Pomaron's crew of 40 men and the Allegheny have been landed at Newport News and will be sent by rail to New York by agents of the Hamburg-American line.

BANDITS STEAL \$12,000.

Bind and Gag Men at Mine and Carry Away Bullion.

TUCSON, Ariz., February 3.—Information that Mexican bandits entered the office of Sarah Pinta mine in the Altar district of Sonora last Monday night, and after binding and gagging four men escaped with gold bullion valued at \$12,000, was brought here last night by Fred Moore, owner of the mine. James Campbell, son of the mine manager, was compelled to open the vault, after which all of the prisoners were knocked senseless. The bandits started toward the American line.

TWO ROOSEVELT MEN ON THE OHIO BALLOTS

Announcement Regarding Convention Delegates to Be Elected in May.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, February 3.—The names of two candidates for presidential delegates pledged to the support of Theodore Roosevelt will be found upon the official ballot in every congressional district of Ohio in the May primaries, according to a prediction made today by Walter R. Brown, chairman of the republican state central committee and head of the Roosevelt movement in Ohio.

In a statement made public here Brown said: "The active organization in Ohio, which is already numbered by thousands, is pledged to effect the nomination and election of Theodore Roosevelt as President in 1912, is actuated by no motives of hostility to the President."

"The people have decided to elect some other man than Mr. Taft to the presidency. The man most available as republican standard bearer is Theodore Roosevelt."

"It can be accepted beyond any question whatever that Col. Roosevelt, though in no sense seeking the republican nomination, will yield to the genuine popular demand for his leadership. A. L. Garford of Elvira has been designated as the Ohio representative upon the Roosevelt national committee."

CHINESE LIKE WILSON.

Students' Club of America Passes Resolutions of Friendship.

NEW YORK, February 3.—An unusual intonation is on its way to Gov. Woodrow Wilson today, in the shape of resolutions adopted by the Chinese Students' Club of America. The resolutions were presented to the club's convention here by Dr. J. Young, who said:

"I do not speak as either republican or democrat. I am from the south and have the sentiments of a southerner. The time is here for a presidential election. One of the candidates is Woodrow Wilson, Governor of New Jersey. Gov. Wilson has expressed his friendliness for the Chinese. It has been said that the Chinese who come to this country are of a better class than many of the immigrants that come here from Europe. The governor has not only shown his friendliness, but his appreciation. For this I wish to offer a resolution expressing our friendship for him."

The resolution was adopted unanimously.

AT RATE OF \$250 A FIRE.

Syndicate in New York That Makes Business of Arson.

NEW YORK, February 3.—A syndicate which will guarantee the destruction of property by fire at the rate of \$250 a fire for the benefit of those desirous of collecting insurance was declared to exist in New York city yesterday, by Judge Swann of the court of general sessions.

The syndicate was formed by a grocer convicted of firing his own store, Judge Swann said that it was his opinion that the majority of the 17,000 fires in New York last year were of incendiary origin.

"We know, although we cannot put in evidence," he continued, "that any man who wants a fire in the city of New York, for a small consideration—my recollection is \$250—paid to the syndicate, can have his place fired in the most approved style of the trade. It has been said that the syndicate is composed of the following: Fire bladders filled with kerosene and other were found in Bartolomeo's place, where it was alleged that goods valued at \$300 were insured for \$5,000."

LA FOLLETTE'S ERROR

Attacks Newspapers at a Banquet of Their Friends.

REBUKED BY TOASTMASTER

His Charges Termed Foolish, Wicked and Untruthful.

DINERS SHOW IMPATIENCE

Wisconsin Senator Talks for Two Hours After Midnight, Despite the Frequent Interruptions.

PHILADELPHIA, February 3.—The dinner of the Periodical Publishers' Association did not break up until an early hour this morning, as its close was marked by a tart denunciation of Senator La Follette by Don C. Seitz of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, who acted as toastmaster.

Senator La Follette began his speech near midnight and spoke for nearly two hours. The more than 600 diners were visibly weary by the long-drawn-out remarks of the Wisconsin senator and toward the close frequently erupted him. Much of his speech was devoted to the money power and an attack upon the sincerity of the newspaper press of the country.

Scored by Toastmaster.

When he had finished Toastmaster Seitz said: "I shall not attempt nor have I the time to come to the defense of the newspapers of the country, which have just been foolishly, wickedly and untruthfully assailed."

Senator La Follette made no sign of hearing the caustic remark, which was uttered in a half angry tone.

Today in an interview, Mr. Seitz said: "As the banquet was given by the magazine publishers and as I was a guest of Cyrus H. K. Curtis, president of the association, I had to be cautious in my remarks on Senator La Follette. I don't recall exactly what I said when the senator had finished, but I do remember declaring that the senator had made an unkind, unjust and willfully malicious attack on the newspaper press of the country, and if I had more time I would have said something stronger upon the subject."

Calamity for La Follette.

"Last night's dinner, during which we thought we would 'join' the statements, ended in a calamity. It was a tragedy, for Senator La Follette's hopes. He has simply wiped himself off the map."

"Undoubtedly he came to Philadelphia to make the address of his life, and when it developed to an infamous slander of the newspapers and a wallowing in phantasmagoria of the past, he realized that the man had overstepped his mark."

"He talked for more than two hours, and when he concluded I certainly rebuked him. In my mind the rebuke was a phantasmagoria of the past, he realized that the man had overstepped his mark."

"The portion of Senator La Follette's speech to which Mr. Seitz took exception was as follows: 'The new designs in use now are simpler than those used some years ago.'

"I have sketched the growth and power of the great interests that today control the press of the great governments. I have shown how subtle and elusive, yet relentless, they are. Rising up against them is the confused voice of the people. Their heart is true, but their eyes do not yet see all the intricate sources of power."

"I shall show them. There are only two agencies that in any way can reach the whole people. These are the press and the platform. But the platform is a way compared to the press in its power of continuous repeated instruction."

"One would think that in a democracy like ours, seeking for instruction, able to read and understand, the press would be the great power. It is not so. Such was the press of Horace Greeley, Henry Raymond, Charles A. Dana, Joseph Pulitzer and others."

"But what do we find has occurred in the last few years since the money power has gained control of our newspapers? I find that the newspaper press, the people know this. Their confidence is weakened. They are no longer interested in the editorial columns of newspapers a potent force in educating public opinion."

Patronized for News.

"The newspapers, of course, are still patronized for news. But even so to understand that wherever news items bear in any way upon the control of government by business, the news is colored; so confidence in the newspaper as a newspaper is being undermined."

"Cultured and able men are still to be found upon the editorial staffs of all great newspapers. It is not the underlings, passing through the hands of longer express honest judgments and sincere convictions, who write the editorial columns of newspapers a potent force in educating public opinion."

"Due to the subservience of the press to special interests in no small degree the power and influence and prosperity of the weekly and monthly magazines, passing through the hands of longer express honest judgments and sincere convictions, who write the editorial columns of newspapers a potent force in educating public opinion."

"The time is here for a presidential election. One of the candidates is Woodrow Wilson, Governor of New Jersey. Gov. Wilson has expressed his friendliness for the Chinese. It has been said that the Chinese who come to this country are of a better class than many of the immigrants that come here from Europe. The governor has not only shown his friendliness, but his appreciation. For this I wish to offer a resolution expressing our friendship for him."

SUICIDE FOLLOWS MURDER.

Son of Atlanta Business Man Shoots Detective and Then Ends Life.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., February 3.—Philip R. Yow of Atlanta shot and instantly killed C. C. Cadie in the lobby of a local hotel yesterday afternoon and immediately afterward committed suicide. Yow was a son of B. M. Yow, a prominent business man of Atlanta, Ga., and was formerly engaged in business in this city. He came here about a week ago en route to San Francisco. Cadie was a detective. The cause